FEDERAL FIREARMS LEGISLATION

HEARINGS

BEFORE THE

SUBCOMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE JUVENILE DELINQUENCY

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY UNITED STATES SENATE

NINETIETH CONGRESS

SECOND SESSION

PURSUANT TO

S. Res. 240

NINETIETH CONGRESS

ON

S. 3691

A BILL TO AMEND TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE

S. 3604

A BILL TO REQUIRE THE REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS

S. 3634

A BILL TO DISARM LAWLESS PERSONS

S. 3637

A BILL TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL FIREARMS REGISTRY

JUNE 26, 27, 28, AND JULY 8, 9, AND 10, 1968

Printed for the use of the Committee on the Judiciary



U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON: 1968

96-291



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matically repealed. § 22 of the Law was repealed by the Law on the Control of Weapons Designed for Warfare of April 20, 1961 (Bundesgesetzblatt I, p. 444).]

Prepared by Dr. William Sólyom-Fekete, Legal Specialist, European Law Division, Law Library, Library of Congress, July 1968

EXHIBIT No. 64

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS, Washington, D.C., July 16, 1968.

Hon. Thomas J. Dodd, Chairman, Special Subcommittee To Investigate Juvenile Delinquency, U.S. Senate, Washington, D.C.

DEAR SENATOR DODD: Reference is made to our letter of July 12, 1968, with which we forwarded to you a translation of the German Law on Weapons of March 18, 1938. Today we are transmitting the translation of the Decree implementing this Law of March 19, 1938 as well as a translation of the provisions of the Hunting Law of March 30, 1961, in which you were interested.

The translations were respectively prepared by Dr. William Sólyom-Fekete and

Dr. Ludovit G. Ruhmann, European Law Division.

We are returning the Xerox copies of the original German text which you supplied.

Sincerely yours,

Lewis C. Coffin, Law Librarian.

Enclosures.

EXHIBIT No. 65

[Translation From German]

DECREE TO IMPLEMENT THE LAW ON WEAPONS OF MARCH 19, 1938

By virtue of § 31 of the Law on Weapons of March 18, 1938 (Reichsgesetz-blatt, I, p. 265), the following shall be ordered:

CHAPTER I.—GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 1

- (1) In Prussia and Bavaria the president of the Government (in Berlin the chief of police) shall be the higher administrative authority in the meaning of the present Decree, in Saxony, the prefect of the district, in the Saarland, the Commissioner of the Saarland, and otherwise the highest authority of the land.
- (2) In communities with a state police administration the state police authorities shall be the district police authorities in the meaning of the present Decree; elsewhere:

in city district the mayor,

in rural districts..... in Prussia the Landrat, in other laender

the corresponding authority.

§ 2

- (1) A complaint against measures which were taken by the administrative authorities pursuant to the Law on Weapons, or the present Decree may be made to the supervising administrative agency within two weeks. The decision of the latter shall be final.
- (2) A protest against measures which were taken by the chief of police in Berlin [acting] as local or district police authority may be made instead of a complaint. The decision on the protest shall be reserved for the chief of police himself, his general deputy, or one of the department chiefs of the police in Berlin.

